Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claim will replace all prior versions and listings of claim in the application.

1.-8. (cancelled)

9. (currently amended) A surgical method of bone surgery for surgical procedures for

implantation on an edentulous ridge, characterized in that it provides a surgical treatment on bone tissue by

means of a tip set in vibration at a frequency in the ultrasound range, wherein the vibration of the tip is

modulated with low frequency pulses, further characterized in that it comprises the following steps:

- horizontal crestal incision on an edentulous ridge, by means of a first chisel tip, operated by

ultrasound, that performs an extremely precise and fine incision,

- widening of said incision, by means of a second chisel tip, operated by ultrasound, to separate the

vestibular cortical bone wall from palatal one,

- creation of at least one implant site on the bottom of the widened horizontal crestal incision, by

means of an osteotome tip operated by ultrasound,

- positioning of implants in the implant sites respectively,

- measuring of a thickness of the edentulous ridge, prior to positioning the implants in the implant

sites, using a periodontal probe.

10.-16. (cancelled)

17. (cancelled)

18. (currently amended) A surgical method according to claim 9, A surgical method of bone

surgery for surgical procedures for implantation on an edentulous ridge, characterized in that it provides a

surgical treatment on bone tissue by means of a tip set in vibration at a frequency in the ultrasound range,

wherein the vibration of the tip is modulated with low frequency pulses, further characterized in that it

comprises the following steps:

- horizontal crestal incision on an edentulous ridge, by means of a first chisel tip, operated by

Page 2

ultrasound, that performs an extremely precise and fine incision,

- widening of said incision, by means of a second chisel tip, operated by ultrasound, to separate the

vestibular cortical bone wall from palatal one,

- creation of at least one implant site on the bottom of the widened horizontal crestal incision, by

means of an osteotome tip operated by ultrasound,

- positioning of implants in the implant sites respectively,

wherein the horizontal incision includes a mesial releasing incision and a distal releasing incision.

19. (previously presented) A surgical method according to claim 9, wherein the first chisel tip

has a thin tip.

20. (previously presented) A surgical method according to claim 19, wherein the first chisel

tip is a T2 tip.

21. (previously presented) A surgical method according to claim 9, wherein the second chisel

tip has a wide tip.

22. (cancelled)

23. (previously presented) A surgical method according to claim 9, wherein the osteotome tip

is an OST1 tip.

24. (currently amended) A surgical method according to claim 17, further comprising A

surgical method of bone surgery for surgical procedures for implantation on an edentulous ridge,

characterized in that it provides a surgical treatment on bone tissue by means of a tip set in vibration at a

frequency in the ultrasound range, wherein the vibration of the tip is modulated with low frequency pulses,

further characterized in that it comprises the following steps:

- horizontal crestal incision on an edentulous ridge, by means of a first chisel tip, operated by

ultrasound, that performs an extremely precise and fine incision,

- widening of said incision, by means of a second chisel tip, operated by ultrasound, to separate the

vestibular cortical bone wall from palatal one.

Page 3

- creation of at least one implant site on the bottom of the widened horizontal crestal incision, by means of an osteotome tip operated by ultrasound,
 - positioning of implants in the implant sites respectively,
- measuring of a thickness of the edentulous ridge, prior to positioning the implants in the implant sites, using a periodontal probe,
- measurement measuring of the thickness of the edentulous ridge, after positioning the implants in the implant sites using the periodontal probe.

Page 4